

October 24, 2024

DMI Housing Finance Private Limited: Rating placed on Watch with Negative Implications

Summary of rating action

Instrument*	Previous Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Current Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating Action
Non-convertible debentures	353.4	353.4	[ICRA]AA; placed on Rating Watch with Negative Implications
Long-term fund-based term loan	775.0	775.0	[ICRA]AA; placed on Rating Watch with Negative Implications
Long-term fund-based cash credit	75.0	75.0	[ICRA]AA; placed on Rating Watch with Negative Implications
Long-term fund-based others	650.0	650.0	[ICRA]AA; placed on Rating Watch with Negative Implications
Total	1,853.4	1,853.4	

*Instrument details are provided in Annexure I

Rationale

ICRA has placed DMI Housing Finance Private Limited's (DHFPL) rating on Watch with Negative Implications following the Reserve Bank of India's (RBI) action, vide its press release dated <u>October 17, 2024</u>, directing DMI Finance Private Limited (DFPL) to cease and desist from the sanction and disbursal of loans, effective from close of business of October 21, 2024.

As indicated by DFPL, this action is based on material supervisory concerns observed in its pricing policy in terms of its weighted average lending rate (WALR), which were found to be excessive and not in adherence with the regulations laid down in the <u>Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company–Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, dated</u> <u>October 19, 2023</u> (updated on March 21, 2024). These business restrictions do not preclude DFPL from servicing its existing customers by way of carrying out collections and recoveries in accordance with the extant regulatory guidelines. The imposed curbs will be reviewed upon the receipt of confirmation from DFPL regarding the adoption of suitable remedial actions in view of the above supervisory observation to adhere to the regulatory guidelines at all times, particularly regarding its pricing policy, risk management processes, and customer service and grievance redressal, to the satisfaction of the RBI.

Considering the complete ban on the sanction and disbursal of loans, DFPL's overall scale of operations would decline as the existing loan book would amortise quickly, given the short-term nature of the loans. While DFPL has been allowed to continue with its collection and recovery process, its ability to maintain the asset quality shall be a monitorable if the ban on disbursements stays for a prolonged period. Further, the prologned ban could impact lender confidence, which shall affect the credit profile, nevertheless, the liquidity remains strong. With the restrictions on lending, DFPL's profitability is likely to be negatively impacted, depending on the duration of the ban. Since DFPL would need to recalibrate the lending yields in line with the RBI directions, the impact on earnings, going forward, would remain a monitorable.

The management has indicated that they are in the process of taking remediation actions and would be implementing the changes over the short term and represent to the RBI accordingly. ICRA will continue to monitor developments closely and will take appropriate rating action based on the resolution of the regulatory restrictions and/or its impact on the company's credit risk profile.

DFPL's liquidity profile is strong with cash and liquid investments of Rs. 1,608 crore as on October 17, 2024 compared with the scheduled debt repayment of Rs. 4,900 crore for the 12-month period ending September 30, 2025 (as per the assetliability maturity {ALM} profile as on September 30, 2024). Since there will be no fresh disbursements, the cash position



would be boosted by the collections from the current loan book. The liquidity profile is expected to be strengthened further by the expected liquidity support from equity investors, if required.

To arrive at the ratings, ICRA has taken a consolidated view of DFPL and DHFPL, collectively referred to as the DMI Group, given the operational linkages between the companies in addition to the common promoter, shared name, and management oversight.

The ratings for the DMI Group continue to factor in its strong capitalisation and improved investor profile, following the capital infusion in April 2023. ICRA notes that DFPL's capitalisation is expected to be further strengthened by the proposed equity infusion of ~Rs. 2,798 crore by Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group (MUFG), Inc. through its consolidated subsidiary, MUFG Bank. While the increase in the risk weights for consumer credit by the RBI has impacted DFPL's capital adequacy, the strengthened capital base will comfortably support the Group's growth plans over the near term. ICRA notes that the Group plans to maintain prudent capitalisation with a peak gearing of 2x over the longer term. ICRA has taken cognisance of the rising share of unsecured digital loans (small-ticket personal/consumption retail loans) in the overall portfolio mix. The foray into digital loans and affordable housing loans has led to improved granularity of the portfolio, which was previously characterised by concentrated wholesale exposures primarily to real estate builders. While the higher proportion of digital/retail loans is a positive from a concentration risk perspective, the risks associated with the target borrower profile and the nature of the loans increase the portfolio vulnerability.

As for DHFPL, ICRA notes that the company's scale of operations is modest on a standalone basis with assets under management of Rs. 1,836 crore¹ as on June 30, 2024 (Rs. 1,861 crore as on March 31, 2024). Nonetheless, given the good market potential in the affordable housing finance segment and the company's satisfactory, albeit short, track record of operations, ICRA expects that it is likely to grow as per its business plans with good asset quality and return indicators over the medium term.

Key rating drivers and their description

Credit strengths

Strong capitalisation and improved investor profile – The DMI Group's capitalisation has consistently remained strong, aided by regular equity infusions in the past by the promoter, i.e. DMI Limited, Mauritius, and the capital infusion from MUFG Bank, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Limited (SMTB) and other investors earlier in Q1 FY2024. DFPL had successfully closed a \$400-million equity investment round, which included primary and secondary transactions. The round was led by MUFG, Inc. through its consolidated subsidiary – MUFG Bank, along with participation from SMTB and other investors. The Group's net worth (DFPL (standalone) + DHFPL) increased to Rs. 7,611 crore with a gearing of 1.2x as on June 30, 2024 (Rs. 7,521 crore and 1.1x, respectively, as on March 31, 2024). ICRA notes that DFPL's capitalisation is expected to be strengthened further by the proposed equity infusion of ~Rs. 2,798 crore by MUFG through MUFG Bank, leading to an increase in its total investment in DFPL to Rs. 4,712 crore.

As for DFPL (standalone), the net worth increased to Rs. 6,901 crore as on June 30, 2024 with a gearing of 1.1x (Rs. 6,811 crore and 1.0x, respectively, for DFPL (consolidated) as on March 31, 2024). Further, ICRA notes the improved investor profile, following the capital infusion from MUFG Bank. While the increase in the risk weights for consumer credit by the RBI has impacted DFPL's capital adequacy, the strengthened capital base will comfortably support the Group's growth plans over the near term. ICRA notes that the Group may need incremental capital to maintain a prudent capitalisation level over the longer term, especially given its growth plans for the digital lending and housing finance segments. Nevertheless, given the track record of the existing investors in extending support to the Group, ICRA expects support from existing investors

¹ Including off-book portfolio of Rs. 151 crore and pass-through certificates (PTCs) of Rs. 166 crore as June 30, 2024 (Rs. 133 crore and Rs. 179 crore, respectively, as on March 31, 2024)



to be forthcoming as and when required. Moreover, ICRA notes that the Group plans to maintain prudent capitalisation over the longer term with a maximum gearing of 2x.

Strong liquidity profile – DFPL has a track record of strong liquidity, which is supported by the low leverage and sizeable cash and liquid investments. Moreover, a considerable portion of the loan book has a residual tenor of up to 1 year. Similarly, DHFPL has strong liquidity, which is supported by the low leverage and sizeable cash and liquid investments. Further, the track record of support from the promoter and MUFG Bank, in terms of equity infusions, provides comfort. While the Group is currently maintaining enhanced on-balance sheet liquidity, it endeavours to always keep on-balance sheet liquidity equivalent to six months of the total outflows.

The Group's borrowing profile, as on June 30, 2024, comprised borrowings from banks/non-banking financial companies (NBFCs)/financial institutions (FIs; 70%), debentures (14%), securitisation (14%), and others including commercial paper (CP; 2%). However, the prologned ban could impact lender confidence, which shall affect the credit profile, nevertheless, the liquidity remains strong.

Credit challenges

Rising share of unsecured digital retail loans; high portfolio vulnerability could keep asset quality volatile - Till FY2018, the Group was mainly engaged in secured corporate lending, largely to real estate builders. However, it subsequently shifted its focus to the small-ticket personal/consumption retail loan and affordable housing finance segments, recording a sharp growth since then. The Group's overall loan book (DFPL (standalone) + DHFPL), as on June 30, 2024, was about Rs. 14,995 crore² with retail consumer lending accounting for 84%, affordable housing finance loans for 11% and wholesale loans for the remaining 5%. The digital lending business is completely technology-driven with API-based origination, underwriting and loan management systems. The underwriting is based on an algorithm, which uses certain data points for arriving at the loan eligibility with minimum manual intervention and deviations. While such algorithms are regularly updated, based on the past performance of the loans with new variables added from time to time, the assumptions for parameters like default rates are critical for the underwriting of loans with expected credit losses, which, in turn, affect the asset quality, credit costs and profitability. Also, while a higher proportion of digital/retail loans is a positive from a concentration risk perspective, the inherent vulnerability associated with the target borrower profile and the nature of the loans augment the portfolio vulnerability. Although consumption loans are backed by assets, the track record of actual recoveries from delinquent accounts of such secured products is yet to be established. Considering the complete ban on the sanction and disbursal of loans, DFPL's overall scale of operations would decline as the existing loan book would amortise quickly, given the short-term nature of the loans.

While DFPL has been allowed to continue with its collection and recovery process, its ability to maintain the asset quality shall be a monitorable if the ban on disbursements stays for a prolonged period. As on June 30, 2024, the Group's (DFPL (standalone) + DHFPL) gross stage 3 remained stable at 2.3% (2.3% as on March 31, 2024), supported by high write-offs in the consumer book. As on June 30, 2024, the Group's total restructured book stood at 0.7% of the total loan book with the accounts largely pertaining to the corporate segment. ICRA takes comfort from the high granularity of this portfolio due to the smaller ticket sizes. This enables risk diversification while the high yields earned help mitigate the inherent risk in the target segment. Also, DFPL has shifted its focus towards the consumer segment and is consciously reducing the wholesale book.

As for DHFPL at the standalone level, the loan book stood at Rs. 1,685 crore³ as on June 30, 2024, with an average ticket size of about Rs. 10 lakh. While home loans account for 81% of the loan book, the balance consists of loan against property (LAP; 19%). Herein, the reported gross stage 3 was comfortable at 0.7% as on June 30, 2024 (0.5% as on March 31, 2024).

² Including PTCs of Rs. 344 crore for DFPL and Rs. 166 crore for DHFPL as on June 30, 2024

³ Including PTCs of Rs. 166 crore as on June 30, 2024



However, while the Group has demonstrated good control over the asset quality in the affordable housing finance segment, this loan book remains relatively less seasoned.

Profitability to be impacted – While the Group's (DFPL standalone + DHFPL) yields remained stable at 23.2% in Q1 FY2025⁴ (23.3% in FY2024⁵ for DFPL consolidated + DHFPL), the cost of funds increased to 9.4% in Q1 FY2025 (8.8% in FY2024), given the elevated systemic interest rates. This led to a compression in the lending spreads and net interest margins (NIMs) to 13.9% and 15.9%, respectively, in Q1 FY2025 from 14.7% and 16.5%, respectively, in FY2024. While the operating expenses, as a proportion of average total assets (ATA), reduced marginally to 5.4% in Q1 FY2025 from 5.9% in FY2024, credit costs increased to 8.1% from 6.8% during this period because of high write-offs in the consumer book. Overall, the profitability weakened with the return on average total assets (ROA; DFPL standalone + DHFPL) declining to 2.1% in Q1 FY2025 from 3.4% in FY2024. With the restrictions on lending, the company's profitability is likely to be negatively impacted, depending on the duration of the ban. Since DFPL would need to recalibrate the lending yields in line with the RBI directions, the impact on earnings, going forward, would remain a monitorable.

DHFPL's profitability weakened with RoA of 2.6% in Q1 FY2025 (3.0% in FY2024) because of lower non-interest income and higher operating expenses despite the improvement in NIMs.

Liquidity position: Strong

DFPL's ALM profile is characterised by positive cumulative mismatches in the near-and-medium-term buckets, given the low leverage and the sizeable proportion of the loan book with a residual tenor of up to 1 year. As on September 30, 2024, the ALM reflected debt maturities of Rs. 4,900 crore for the 12-month period ending September 30, 2025 against expected inflows from performing advances of Rs. 8,678 crore. This, along with the sizeable cash and liquid investments of Rs. 1,200 crore at the standalone level (equivalent to ~15% of borrowings) and unutilised working capital lines of ~Rs. 459 crore as on September 30, 2024, augurs well for the liquidity profile. Further, the track record of regular support from the promoter, in terms of equity infusions, provides comfort.

DHFPL's ALM profile is characterised by positive cumulative mismatches across all buckets up to 12 months, supported by low leverage and sizeable on-balance sheet liquidity. As on March 31, 2024, the company's ALM reflected debt maturities of Rs. 235 crore for the 12-month period ending March 31, 2025 against scheduled inflows from performing advances of Rs. 369 crore. This, along with sizeable cash and liquid investments of about Rs. 127 crore (equivalent to 11% of borrowings as on March 31, 2024) and unutilised working capital lines of Rs. 119 crore, augurs well for the liquidity profile. As on June 30, 2024, DHFPL had cash and liquid investments of Rs. 172 crore against scheduled debt obligations (excluding interest) of Rs. 94 crore and scheduled collections (at 95% collection efficiency; excluding interest) of Rs. 201 crore till December 31, 2024. The liquidity profile is also supported by the availability of unutilised working capital lines of Rs. 118 crore as on June 30, 2024.

Rating sensitivities

Positive factors – As the long-term ratings are under Watch with Negative Implications, a rating upgrade is unlikely in the near term.

Negative factors – A longer-than-expected delay in the lifting of the regulatory restrictions. Additionally, the ratings could come under pressure if there is a significant deterioration in the asset quality indicators or the liquidity profile. **Analytical approach**

Analytical Approach	Comments
Applicable rating methodologies	ICRA's Credit Rating Methodology for Non-banking Finance Companies

⁴ The ratios for the Group for Q1 FY2025 are based on provisional financials of DFPL (standalone) + DHFPL

⁵ The ratios for the Group for FY2023 are based on audited financials of DFPL (consolidated) + DHFPL



Analytical Approach	Comments
Parent/Group support	-
Consolidation/Standalone	Consolidation; to arrive at the ratings, ICRA has taken a consolidated view of DFPL and DHFPL, referred to as the DMI Group, given the operational linkages between the companies in addition to the common promoter, shared name and management oversight

About the company

DHFPL, incorporated in 2011, is a private financial services company registered as a housing finance company (HFC). It started lending operations in FY2014 and primarily focusses on providing home loans and LAP to borrowers seeking affordable housing. The company's loan book stood at Rs. 1,685 crore as on June 30, 2024 (Rs. 1,728 crore as on March 31, 2024) with an average ticket size of about Rs. 10 lakh and a geographical footprint of 42 branches across nine states (though three states, i.e. Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh, account for about 52% of the portfolio). While home loans account for 81% of the loan book, the balance consists of LAP (19%). Although DHFPL used to be a subsidiary of DFPL (till FY2018), DMI Limited, Mauritius now directly holds 93.20% of the company (as on June 30, 2024).

DHFPL reported a PAT of Rs. 13 crore in Q1 FY2025 on a total gross asset base of Rs. 1,963 crore as on June 30, 2024 (PAT of Rs. 53 crore in FY2024 on a total gross asset base of Rs. 1,908 crore as on March 31, 2024). Its CRAR was 63.8% on a net worth of Rs. 710 crore as on June 30, 2024 (63.5% and Rs. 705 crore, respectively, as on March 31, 2024). Further, DHFPL reported gross and net stage 3 of 0.7% and 0.5%, respectively, as on June 30, 2024 (0.5% and 0.3%, respectively, as on March 31, 2024).

DMI Finance Private Limited

DFPL, incorporated in 2008, is a private financial services company registered as a non-banking financial company (NBFC) with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). While it was mainly engaged in secured corporate lending (largely to real estate builders) till a few years ago, it has shifted its focus to digital lending wherein it provides consumption loans, personal loans and micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME) loans. This is a completely digital technology-driven business with API-based origination, underwriting and loan management systems. Herein, DFPL predominantly works through front-end partnerships with other fintech companies, original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and technology-driven aggregators.

As of June 30, 2024, the share of consumer loans stood at 95% of the Rs. 13,309-crore⁶ loan book (95% of the 12,823-crore⁷ loan book as on March 31, 2024) while the wholesale real estate lending book had a share of 5% (5% as on March 31, 2024). The share of the non-real estate wholesale loan book was negligible (negligible as on March 31, 2024).

DMI Limited, Mauritius, which holds a 68.78% stake in DFPL (as on June 30, 2024), is backed by New Investment Solution (NIS), a Liechtenstein-based alternative asset manager with over \$2.2 billion of deployed capital. NIS is led by Takashi Sato, who was the Head of Private Wealth and Asset Management at Nomura Bank (Europe). The fund focusses on Japanese equities, US asset-backed debt and the emerging market debt. DFPL's other major shareholders are NIS Ganesha (10.13% as on June 30, 2024) and MUFG Bank.

⁶ Including PTCs of Rs. 344 crore as on June 30, 2024

⁷ Including PTCs of Rs. 367 crore as on March 31, 2024



In Q1 FY2025⁸, DFPL reported a profit after tax (PAT) of Rs. 78 crore on a total gross asset base of Rs. 15,375 crore as on June 30, 2024 (PAT of Rs. 403 crore in FY2024⁹ on a total gross asset base of Rs. 14,545 crore as on March 31, 2024). The CRAR was 44.6% on a net worth of Rs. 6,901 crore as on June 30, 2024 (44.8% and Rs. 6,811 crore, respectively, as on March 31, 2024). Further, DFPL reported gross and net stage 3 of 2.5% and 1.5%, respectively, as on June 30, 2024 (2.5% and 1.5%, respectively, as on March 31, 2024).

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		DHFPL^				DFPL^ + DHFPL				
	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	Q1 FY2025*	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	Q1 FY2025*		
Total income	118	150	214	64	1,038	1,812	2,888	888		
Profit after tax	19	36	53	13	78	355	456	90		
Total gross assets	1,166	1,597	1,908	1,963	8,434	10,657	16,453	17,338		
Return on average assets	1.6%	2.6%	3.0%	2.6%	1.0%	3.7%	3.4%	2.1%		
Gearing (times)	0.8	1.3	1.7	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.2		
Gross stage 3	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%	2.0%	3.0%	2.3%	2.3%		
CRAR	87%	86%	64%	64%	NA	NA	NA	NA		

Key financial indicators

Source: DFPL, DHFPL, ICRA Research; Amount in Rs. crore; ^ KFIs for FY2022, FY2023 and FY2024 are for DFPL on a consolidated basis while KFIs for Q1 FY2025 are for DFPL on a standalone basis; * Based on provisional financials

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not applicable

Any other information: None

⁸ Figures and ratios for Q1 FY2025 are based on provisional financials for DFPL (standalone)

⁹ Figures and ratios for FY2024 are based on audited financials for DFPL (consolidated)



Rating history for past three years

	Current (FY2025)					Chronology of rating history for the past 3 years						
				FY2025		FY2024		FY2023		FY2022		
Instrument	Туре	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	24-OCT-2024	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	
Non-convertible debentures	Long term	353.40	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications	07-MAY-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	03-MAY-2023	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	18-APR-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	20-APR- 2021	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	
				-	-	29-SEP-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	02-SEP-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	17-NOV-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	18-OCT-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	08-FEB-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	24-FEB-2023	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	08-FEB-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
				-	-	06-MAR-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
Long-term fund based – Others	Long term	650.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications	07-MAY-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	29-SEP-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
				-	-	17-NOV-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
				-	-	08-FEB-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
				-	-	06-MAR-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
Long-term fund based – Term loan	Long term	775.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications	07-MAY-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	03-MAY-2023	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	18-APR-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	20-APR- 2021	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	
				-	-	29-SEP-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	02-SEP-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	17-NOV-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	18-OCT-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	08-FEB-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	24-FEB-2023	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	06-MAR-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	
Long-term fund based – Cash credit	Long term	75.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications	07-MAY-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	03-MAY-2023	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	18-APR-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	20-APR- 2021	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	
				-	-	29-SEP-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	02-SEP-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	17-NOV-2023	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	18-OCT-2022	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	08-FEB-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	24-FEB-2023	[ICRA]AA- (Stable)	-	-	
				-	-	06-MAR-2024	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	

Source: ICRA Research



Complexity level of the rated instruments

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TL – Term loan; CC – Cash credit

The Complexity Indicator refers to the ease with which the returns associated with the rated instrument could be estimated. It does not indicate the risk related to the timely payments on the instrument, which is rather indicated by the instrument's credit rating. It also does not indicate the complexity associated with analysing an entity's financial, business, industry risks or complexity related to the structural, transactional or legal aspects. Details on the complexity levels of the instruments are available on ICRA's website: <u>Click Here</u>



Annexure I: Instrument details^

1

ISIN	Instrument Name	Date of Issuance/ Sanction	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Amount Rated (Rs. crore)	Current Rating and Outlook
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
INE02Z607113	NCD	Feb-16-2024	8.7500%	Feb-16-2027	75.0	with Negative Implications
INE02Z607121	NCD	Feb-26-2024	8.7500%	Apr-26-2027	94.3	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
INEU22007121		Feb-20-2024	8.7500%	Api-20-2027	94.5	with Negative Implications
INE02Z607139	NCD	Mar-15-2024	8.7500%	Jun-15-2027	125.99	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
			0.1000/0			with Negative Implications
INE02Z607089	NCD	Jan-19-2024	8.5000%	Jul-19-2027	50.0	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications
		NA	NIA	NIA	0.11	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	NCD*	NA	NA	NA	8.11	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 1	Aug-02-2023	NA	Aug-31-2030	17.05	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
		710g 02 2023		//ug 51 2050	17.05	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 2	Dec-24-2020	NA	Jan-08-2028	25.92	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
						with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 3	Sep-22-2022	NA	Sep-30-2027	18.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
				•		with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 4	Aug-02-2023	NA	Aug-31-2028	27.42	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
						with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 5	Aug-02-2023	NA	Aug-31-2028	12.37	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term loan - 6	Aug-02-2023	NA	Dec-28-2028	8.50	with Negative Implications
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term loan - 7	Aug-02-2023	NA	Dec-28-2028	8.50	with Negative Implications
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term loan - 8	Aug-02-2023	NA	Dec-28-2028	4.25	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 9	Dec 28 2022	NIA	Dec 20 2027	24.22	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term Ioan - 9	Dec-28-2022	NA	Dec-20-2027	34.22	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 10	Sep-29-2023	NA	Dec-30-2027	42.11	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
		JCP 25 2025	114	Dec 30 2027	72.11	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 11	Dec-23-2022	NA	Dec-29-2029	14.85	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
		500 10 1011		200 10 1010	2	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 12	Dec-26-2022	NA	Sep-01-2029	18.64	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
				•		with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 13	Jan-09-2023	NA	Jan-31-2030	162.96	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
						with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 14	Feb-01-2023	NA	Feb-29-2028	14.60	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term loan - 15	Mar-02-2023	NA	Mar-30-2028	27.60	with Negative Implications
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term loan - 16	Mar-02-2023	NA	May-30-2028	11.83	with Negative Implications
NIA	Terrer laser 47	Mar 24 2022	NI A	Mar 20 2020	10 50	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA	Term loan - 17	Mar-24-2023	NA	Mar-30-2028	10.50	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 18	Mar-24-2023	NA	Mar-30-2028	8.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
INA		10101-24-2023	INA	wiai-30-2028	6.00	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 19	Mar-09-2023	NA	Mar-31-2028	35.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
		10101 05 2025			55.00	with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 20	May-10-2023	NA	Jun-30-2030	44.05	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
NA		.,				with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 21	Feb-24-2024	NA	Feb-26-2029	22.50	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
				-		with Negative Implications
NA	Term loan - 22	Mar-18-2024	NA	Mar-31-2029	90.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch
114						with Negative Implications
						[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch

ISIN	Instrument Name	Date of Issuance/ Sanction	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Amount Rated (Rs. crore)	Current Rating and Outlook
NA	Cash credit - 1	NA	NA	NA	50.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications
NA	Cash credit - 2	NA	NA	NA	15.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implications
NA	Cash credit - 3	NA	NA	NA	0.09	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication:
NA	Cash credit - 4	NA	NA	NA	2.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Cash credit - 5	NA	NA	NA	0.50	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Bank line - 1	NA	NA	NA	4.78	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Bank line - 2	NA	NA	NA	26.95	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Bank line - 3	NA	NA	NA	3.52	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Bank line - 4	NA	NA	NA	139.23	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Bank line - 5	NA	NA	NA	50.00	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Long-term fund-based term loan – Proposed	NA	NA	NA	41.13	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Long-term fund-based cash credit – Proposed	NA	NA	NA	7.41	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication
NA	Long-term fund-based others – Proposed	NA	NA	NA	425.52	[ICRA]AA; Rating Watch with Negative Implication

Source: ICRA Research, DHFPL; ^ As on March 31, 2024; * Yet to be placed

Please click here to view details of lender-wise facilities rated by ICRA

Annexure II: List of entities considered for consolidated analysis

Company Name	Ownership	Consolidation Approach
DMI Housing Finance Private Limited (DHFPL)	Rated Entity	Full Consolidation
DMI Finance Private Limited (DFPL)	Fellow Subsidiary	Full Consolidation
DMI Management Private Limited (DMPL; until Nov-01-2023)	Erstwhile 100% Subsidiary	Full Consolidation
DMI Capital Private Limited (DCPL)	100% Subsidiary	Full Consolidation
DMI Alternatives Private Limited (DAPL; until Sep-25-2023)	Erstwhile 49% Subsidiary	Full Consolidation
Appnit Technologies Private Limited	95% Subsidiary	Full Consolidation
Ampverse DMI Private limited (ADPL; w.e.f. Jul-05-2023)	Joint Venture (49%)	Full Consolidation

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